

About Creating of the University System of Checking Texts for Plagiarism

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Key words: The checking system for uniqueness, plagiarism, anti-plagiarism software information uniqueness, w-shingling, translit, sinonimayzer

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Page No.: 20-25 Volume: 15, Issue 1, 2020 ISSN: 1816-9503 International Journal of Soft Computing Copy Right: Medwell Publications

INTRODUCTION

With the development of information technologies and the Internet appeared a huge opportunity in getting various information including teaching character, useful for self-education and broaden horizons. But along with this there was also the problem of drawing the results of others labor without giving reference to the source. In the network appeared the entire sites that offer users to download essays, term papers and dissertations. In such situation in educational institutions need to implement an effective means of combating plagiarism. One such tool is the creation of computer system check text for plagiarism^[1, 2].

Plagiarism intentionally committed by a natural person illegal use or possession of protected results of other people's creative work which is accompanied by communication to the other persons false information about himself as about the actual researcher^[3].

The purpose of system is to improve the quality of preparation of final qualifying works and scientific works of students and their motivation for academic integrity. Abstract: This study describes the process of creating the University system of check texts for plagiarism. We compared and analyzed other systems recognize plagiarism in texts. Researchers considered different ways to "bypass", common methods and system disorders. The results of the study complement the existing theoretical understanding in the field of software development for the detection of borrowing text. Totals open prospects for further study with the aim of improving of scientific-pedagogical method ensuring process of development of an information system "Antiplagiat Kaz NAU" to check text documents.

Managers of qualification works check presentation, text document, disclosing of theme and originality of the text.

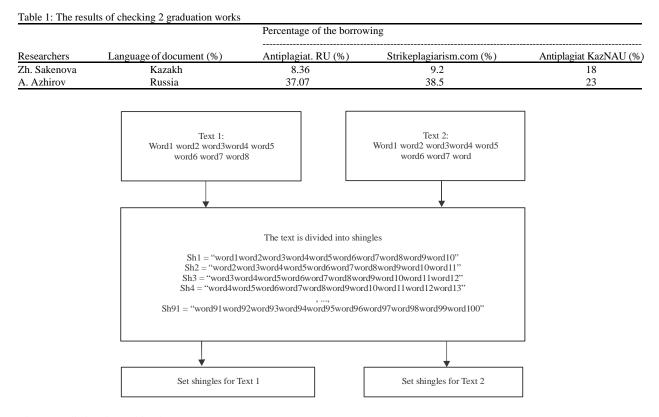
The corresponding check stimulates students to a more serious attitude in the preparation of final qualifying work and supervisors for a more careful study of the works.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Methodological basis of research made a systematic approach, the analysis of the primary data, expert interview, monitoring of media, specialized databases and monitoring official statistics and special industry publications.

We begin by phrasing the problem of similarity as one of finding sets with a relatively large intersection. We show how the problem of finding textually similar documents can be turned into such a set problem by the technique known as shingling (Fig. 1).

The most effective way to represent documents as sets for the purpose of identifying lexically similar documents is to construct from he document the set of



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Fig. 1: Splitting into shingles

short strings that appear with in it. If we do so then documents that share pieces as short as sentences or even phrases will have many common elements in their sets, even if those sentences appear in different orders in the two documents.

W-shingling algorithm designed to search for copies and duplicates the text under consideration in the web document. Tool to detect plagiarism. The w denotes the number of tokens in each shingle in the set. For a given shingle size, the degree to which two documents A and B resemble each other can be expressed as the ratio of the magnitudes of their shingling's intersection and union or:

$$r(A, B) = \frac{|S(A) \cap S(B)|}{|S(A) \cup S(B)|}$$

where |A| is the size of set A. The resemblance is a number in the range [0, 1] where 1 indicates that two documents are identical. This definition is identical with the Jaccard coefficient describing similarity and diversity of sample sets.

The uniqueness of the system lies in the search algorithms that were developed by the researchers independently and in the formation of their own collections according to the profile of the university. There are other alternative systems that can recognize plagiarism in texts such as Plagiarism.ru, Text.ru Plagiarism. NET, ETXT, Antiplagiat, Advego Plagiatus, Strike plagiarism.com.

The following is a comparative analysis of the test the two theses in these online services and in the system "Antiplagiat KazNAU" that are used to check text for plagiarism (Table 1).

The results of the comparison showed that the system "Antiplagiat" and "Strikeplagiarism.com" have an approximately identical level of borrowing text searches across multiple collections of sources and describe in detail a large number of sources which is a plus of these systems.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The researchers developed a self-plagiarism system for the University of KazNAU, allows you to check text documents for borrowings and to determine the total (in percentage) the originality of the text (Fig. 2). This system can be successfully used by students of the Kazakh National Agrarian University to check for plagiarism of final qualification works, course papers, essays and other text documents. Multi-level in nature and multifunctional in purpose the system is intended to

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Fig. 2: Main page of the system "Antiplagiat kazNAU"

	Автор	Группа	Название работы	ФИО руководителя	Дата проверки	Уникальность	Plagiat	Document	Certification
	Бердиев Нуркен Маликұлы	ПА-405K	Алматы облысы жағдайында ралс дақылының өнімділігіне минералдық тыңайтқыштардың тиімділігі	Утенбаева Гулнур	2017-05- 31 17:41:18	94%	6%	Document	Certification
2	Расылова Айгуль Аульбековна	тппж-409 Р	Использование селекционно- генетических параметров в селекции депересских овец с полутрубой церстью	Ким Галина	2017-05- 31 17:39:16	67%	33%	Document	Certification
3	Төлепбергенов Аян Бекенұлы	O3-405K	Алматы облысы Үйлентас орман және жануарлар дүниесін қорғау мемлекеттік мекемесінде қырғауылдың санын көбейту жолдары	Байбатшанов Мухтар	2017-05- 31 17:26:28	92%	8%	Document	Certification
1	Мұхан Ержан Айбатұлы	O3-405K	Жамбыл облысы. Мойынкум орман және жануарлар дүниесін қорғау мемлекеттік мекемесіндегі қарақұйрықты қорғау және молайту шаралары	Керимбаев Сатыбалды	2017-05- 31 17:22:58	58%	2%	Document	Certification
5	Махатов Асылхан Батырбекұлы	тппж-407к	«Dinara Ranch» агрофирмасындағы етті бағыттағы бұқашықтардың ет өнімділігі	Аманжолов Кидирбай	2017-05- 31 17:22:35	86%	14%	Document	Certification
5	Абдуллина Рахима Бакыткызы	тппж-409 Р	Мясная продуктивность молодняка депересской породы овец, разводимых в условиях племхоза «Мади» Алматинской области	Адылканова Шолпан	2017-05- 31 17:14:06	66%	34%	Document	Certification
7	Исак Жайық Ғайсақұлы	03-405K	Биополические разнообразие копытных животных в Андасайском государственном природном заказнике	Керимбаев Сатыбалды	2017-05- 31 17:03:30	66%	34%	Document	Certification
8	Жақыпбек Назерке Камалқызы	MP-408K	ОҢТҮСТІК ҚАЗАҚСТАН ОБЛЫСЫ МАҚТАРАЛ АУДАНЫНДАҒЫ «АБАЙ» АУЫЛЫН СУМЕН ҚАМТАМАСЫЗ ЕТУ ЖОБАСЫ	Жаларкулова Ерменкуль	2017-05- 31 16:56:39	74%	26%	Document	Certification
9	Ералы Ырысты Жонібехірізы	MP-408K	ОҢТҮСТІК ҚАЗАҚСТАН ОБЛЫСЫ, САРЫАҒАШ АУДАНЫ, «ДОСТЫҚ» ШАРУА ҚОЖАЛЫҒЫНЫҢ ЖЕРЛЕРІН СУАРУ	Жапаркулова Ерменкуль	2017-05- 31 16:56:38	64%	36%	Document	Certification
10	Жақылбек Назерке Камалқызы	MP-408K	ОҢТҮСТІК ҚАЗАҚСТАН ОБЛЫСЫ МАҚТАРАЛ АУДАНЫҢДАҒЫ «АБАЙ» АУЫЛЫН СУМЕН ҚАМТАМАСЫЗ ЕТУ ЖОБАСЫ	Жапаркулова Ерменкуль	2017-05- 31 16:56:37	64%	36%	Document	Certification
11	Тоқсанбай Аяулы Асқарбенқызы	ATT-417K	Алматы облысындағы «Алимияанов»шаруа (окалығында сиыр сауу және сүтті алғашқы өндеуді механикаландыру	Ушкемпирова Анар	2017-05- 31 16:52:17	86%	14%	Document	Certification

Fig. 3: The results of inspections of diploma works of students of KazNAU

students, undergraduates, doctoral students, students, teachers of higher educational institutions, colleges as well as a wide range of users wishing to check the material for borrowings without reference to the source.

In world practice, the use of such systems is not new. But existing systems are paid or shareware. Besides using a diverse base of work for comparison. Some free check a document only on open sources from the Internet and access to private databases is paid. An important issue in the functioning of such systems is the formation base of operations. The system allows part or full check of the document the subject of borrowing texts from public Internet sources and from their own base which is partially closed to outside users. In General, the service is free, anyone student or teacher can check the document on the borrowing of material but to produce a report on the borrowing of the text you want to log into the system.

The main goal is verification of the originality and recognition information about whether the copied text is from an existing source database or has a high percentage of uniqueness.

The result is a validation report document (Fig. 3). The report shows those portions of the document that were found in the source collection system and specifies in percentage the ratio of borrowed and original text. After researching pre-loaded text Fig. 4 the system gives a percent of its originality, borrowing and leads the list of the detected sources. In order to see which fragment is taken from a source requires authorization.

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Наберите ФИО автора *	Author of Work					
Название работы *	Name of Work					
Аннотация *	Annotation					
аберите ФИО руководителя *	Supervisor's name					
	Тематическая рубрика 🔻					
	Тип работы					
	Выберите язык					

Fig. 4: From to pass validation

	Автор: Шарив Алтынай
	Руководитель: Сахариянов Акылбай
Тема: Дикроцелиозбен а	ауырған қой етінің санитариялық сапасын сезімдік және биохимиялық көрсеткіштері бойынши анықтау
	Проверка завершена, оригинальность теста: 84%
	Savo
факультеті 5В120200 «Ве	С АКЦИОНЕРЛІК ҚОҒАМ ҚАЗАҚ ҰЛТТЫҚ АГРАРЛЫҚ ҮНИВЕРСИТЕТІ «Ветеринар теринарлық санитария» мамандығы «Ветеринариялық санитариялық сараптау және гилиен қимысты (жобаны) орындау ТАПСЫРМАСЫ Студент Шарив Алтынай Жұмыс (жоба) тақырыб

Fig. 5: Verfication process the text document for plagiarism

The system supports authorization of users. In authorizing the System, the user enters his personal account where he receives a set of services corresponding to their user rights. In personal account user can view the statistics checked for plagiarism works as well as to report on the percentage of borrowing. The teacher through a personal account of the available reports on the work of students who indicated it as a supervisor. The recommended threshold value of uniqueness is on average 75% of the original text of the total work, however, this value can be set by the administration of the University itself. The level of access for system users depending on the position of teachers, staff. For students of KazNAU access level is the same. Types of system users are divided into several categories.

Administrator B a specialist who maintains the website in good technical condition, change the access levels of verification for students and teachers.

Teacher-head of department, the results of inspections of qualifying works of students of this department. Lecturer-head of the qualification, available for all inspection reports of a student who passed a text document for checking (Fig. 5).

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Автор: Телеуғали Ермек Ерланұлы - Уникальность:96%

Название работы: "Кексу, ЖШС-де қант қызылшасын тасымалдау жұмыстарын ұйымдастыруды жетілдіру

Кафедра:"Машиноиспользование"

Плагиат: 4%	Название работы	Кафедра
0.75%	Алматы қаласындағы "Қамқор" ЖШС Жеңіп автомобилге ТҚК жене алдыңғы асқыштың топсасын шығару қондырғысын жобалау	"Машиноиспользование"
0.5%	Delphi айматында Ssang Yong машинасының тежетш құрылтысып жобалау және желіндіру	"Механика и конструирование сельскохозяйственной техники"
0.25%	Алматы облысы, Үшарап қаласында калк жөндеу станциясында жеңіл автомобильдерге техникалық қызмет көрсетуді жегілдіру	"Машиноиспользование"
0.25%	Совершенствование организации дорожного движения на улично-дорожной сети мкр. Шанырак г Алматы	"Машиноиспользование"
0.25%	Қазақстанның оңтүстік-шығыс аймағында рапстың сәбу мерзімінің өнімділікке әсері	"Агрономия"
0.25%	«Star Motors» ЖШС автомобильдер техникалық қызмет көрсету және клапандарды түзету қондыртысын жобалау	"Машиноиспользование"
0.25%	Алматы-Тараз автомагистралінде көліктерге жедеп жөндеу шеберханасын жобалау	"Машиноиспользование"
0.25%	Логистический подход в деятельности транспортной компании «АВТ» с Алматы	"Машиноиспользование"
0.25%	ШҚО облысы, Үриар ауданында «Әділет» ТҚ орталығында жүк автомобильдеріне техникалық қызмет көрсетуді жетігдіру	"Иашиноиспользование"
0 0.25%	«АгромашХолдинг акционергік қоғамының көсіпорнында тапсырыс беруші базасын таңдау үрдісін басқаруды жетілдіру «	"Машиноиспользование"
1 0.25%	Жамбыл ауданының Ұзынағаш ауылының Жамбыл көшесіндегі жол қозғалысын ұйымдастыруды жақсарту	*Машиноиспользование*
2 0.25%	Есеп айырысу операцияларының есебі мен аудиті	"Энергосбережения и автоматика"
3 0.25%	Исследование проблемы загрязнения атмосферного воздужа от автотранспортных средств в условиях г. Алматы	"Аграрная техника и технопогия"

Fig. 6: The results of orginality of borrowing the list of detected sources

Student has access to their documents uploaded to the system. After filling in all required fields and upload the text document passes the validation process (Fig. 5) then the user displays the percentage of originality of borrowing, the list of detected sources (Fig. 6).

The basic functionality of the system:

- Search for loanwords in the text documents in the format.docx
- Ability to work with the system through the website
- Create inspection reports with the release of the borrowed fragments of text without reference to the sources and an indication of the list of loan sources
- The user can access the personal account
- Formation of own base of internal sources of proven work
- Classification of documents by type (theses, dissertations, course works, essays, etc.)
- Ability to check work on open bases on the Internet
- The ability to connect to paid databases of other universities
- Detection in scanned document such of its parts as contents bibliography and quotations are enclosed in quotation marks and the exclusion of such texts from plagiarism

It should be noted that with the development of systems for the verification of texts for plagiarism began to appear a variety of methods and ways to "bypass". Any verification system is not perfect, has its weaknesses there is always a way to cheat the system^[4].

Qualitative analysis of the works authenticated through our system, have revealed a number of violations in order to "bypass" algorithm search plagiarism. Among the most common "tricks" include:

- Full or partial replacement of the letters on the various characters of the alphabet
- The merging of multiple words and sentences by removing spaces between words
- Full or partial replacement of a text into another text such as excerpts from literature and textbooks
- Dilution sentences introductory words
- Find the topic in English and translate it
- The use of sinonimayzer words are identical
- Violation of the integrity of the structure of the work
- Check a simple piece of work

Algorithms of systems provide methods of protection from "above" aimed at avoiding detection of plagiarism. In order to ensure that the correct document loaded into the system, after loading the system recognizes the number of characters in the text and the file size. This information will be included in the reference and thus, the teacher can ascertain by comparing the data with the original document.

The system is designed as internet service^[5], all the calculations occur on the technical equipment of the Kazakh National Agrarian University, therefore, students and teachers can operate the system from any computer connected to the internet.

CONCLUSION

Control system of texts can only perform the function of intermediary between the expert and the collection of documents where there is a search of borrowing and the check is a time consuming intellectual process.

The decision about the originality of a thesis remains with the supervisor, after a deep meaningful analysis of the research which is impossible without a careful reading of the text.

The use of the university system Antiplagiat is a factor influencing the improvement of quality of preparation of final qualification works. The corresponding validation test stimulates students to a more serious relationship in the preparation of final qualifying work and supervisors for a more careful study of the theses.

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